

Blockchain Powering Transparency

Efficiency and Speed in Distribution of Foreign Aid

Data Companies are the most Valuable in the World

1917 1967 U.S. Steel International \$46.4B **Business Machines** \$258.6B American Telephone & Telegraph \$14.1B American Telephone & Telegraph Standard Oil of N.J. \$200.5B Eastman Kodak \$177B Bethlehem Steel \$7.1B Armour & Co. General Motors \$171.2B Swift & Co. Company Standard Oil of N.J. \$106.5B International Texaco **\$82.3B** Harvester \$4.9B Sears, Roebuck E.I. du Pont de Nemours \$4.9B General Electric \$63.9B Midvale Steel & Ordnance \$4.8B Polaroid U.S. Rubber \$4.6B Gulf Oil \$58B Mkt. Val. (\$ bn) Inflation adjusted Assets (\$ bn) Inflation adjusted September 2017 September 2017 Industry Tech Retail Conglomerate Autos

Telecom

Steel

Foods

Chemicals Heavy Equipment



Source and Article:

Medical

Film

Rubber

Oil & Gas

https://howmuch.net/articles/100-years-of-americas-top-10-companies

Financial Services



100 SOCIAL NETWORKING FACTS STATISTICS & FOR 2012







There are more devices connected to the Internet than there are people on Earth **40**%

socialize more online than they do face-to-face Every minute of the day:



100,000 tweets are sent



queries are searched on google 48 hrs

of video are uploaded to YouTube

684, 478



pieces of content are shared on Facebook



3,600

photos are shared on Instagram

Some statistics













For the first time in human history

We have the technological tools that will enable us to connect the bottom billion unbanked to the global economy to provide digital identity to stateless people and to direct benefits to the poor and vulnerable.





Transparency and efficiency in donor fund flows

- \$177.6 billion is provided by donors to developing countries annually.
- Remittances US\$574 billion in 2016.
- Estimates vary that this may be as much as \$15 billion USD in lost funding.
- UN estimates is a 30 percent loss due to fraud and corruption.
- Cost of remittances varies from 10-30%, even taking the lower estimate, that equates to over US\$ 5 billion annually, that is taken by intermediaries.



Humanitarian Cash Transfers

In 2004 cash transfers were 1% of humanitarian aid. This figure rose to 40% by the end of 2017.

In the 'Building Blocks' program, the World Food Program found using blockchains reduced their transaction fees by 98%



Remittances & Cash Transfers

- US \$ 390 billion donation to charity annually in the USA for poverty alleviation (education, human services, health, environment, etc.) but impact unknown
- \$440 billion annual remittances to developing countries
- Foreign aid \$150 billion annually
- World Bank estimate cost of remittance transactions is 7.32% - \$32.2 billion lost in transactions



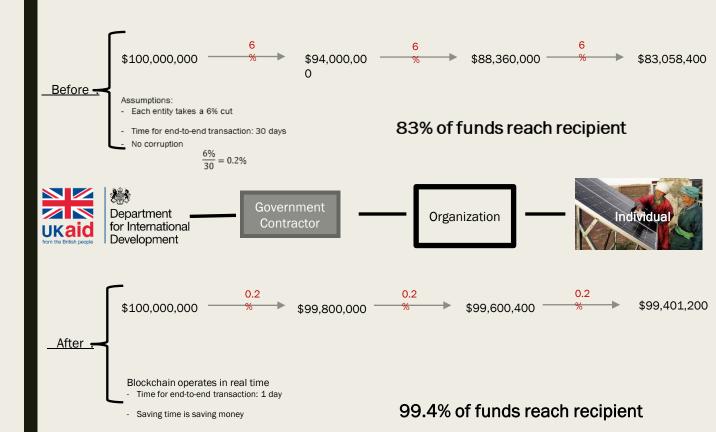
Smart Contracts Facilitate Targetted Payments

- Pre-programmed agreements with the ability to self-execute and self-enforce.
- Eg. When an IoT sensor detects that the target area has reached contractual emission reduction targets, this automatically activates the transfer of funds to the company.
- Donors can use smart contracts to ensure that donor funds reach intended recipients without middlemen and leakage along the way.
- Also track aid delivery by showing the location in the supply chain and ultimate delivery.



Procurement

- US government demonstrated that a blockchain solution reduced the time to complete a procurement from 100 days to 10 days.
- Estimate savings in verification and networking costs at 10 percent - an additional \$15 billion that donors can spend on services.
- P Blockchain can mean more money more quickly to vulnerable populations that need it.



Case Study – M-Pesa Kenya

Now used by over 17 million Kenyans with 25% of GNP flowing through it.

- Boosted economic development by enabling relatively poor farmers to send and receive payments reliably and affordably, fostering economic growth by lowering transaction costs.
- Research by the Bill & Melinda Gates
 Foundation has found that mobile money services such as these have lifted 194,000
 Kenyans out of poverty
- Now in <u>Tanzania</u>, <u>Afghanistan</u>, <u>South</u>
 <u>Africa</u>, <u>India</u> and in 2014 to <u>Romania</u> and in 2015 to <u>Albania</u>.
- M-Pesa allows users to deposit, withdraw, transfer money and pay for goods and services (Lipa na M-Pesa) easily with a mobile device.

Phone-based banking in the national currency, abandoning traditional banking methods to create a mobile banking revolution.

Case Study – Humanitarian & Disasters

The World Food Program Building Blocks program reduced transaction fees by 98% Crisis mapping and remote monitoring

Mobile connectivity

Supply chain

Digital identity

Human trafficking

Financial flows

Education

Social support networks

Healthy child development

In 2004 direct cash transfers was 1% of humanitarian aid, by 2017 it was 40%

Case Study – IBISA – Poor farmer insurance

Peer-to-peer architecture supported by Blockchain and Earth Observation technology.

Through satellite technology,
IBISA is able to build a risk
model from the wealth of data
and assess incidents before a
file is claimed. This real-time
data-first approach leads to
faster payouts and a more
attractive compensation model
for farmers who contributed to
the scheme via regular
micropayments.

Risk-sharing service; an alternative to micro-insurance, targeting small farmers worldwide

What Else is Going On?

 Code Lagos in Nigeria is an initiative of the Lagos State Ministry of Education aimed at educating Lagos State residents for the future of work – by teaching people how to write code and creatively solve problems. Their ambitious agenda is to train 1 million coders over the next five years, half of them women and 100,000 Blockchain developers (Code Lagos, 2019).

What Else is Going On?

- AliPay is suporting low-cost private schools in Kenya, Uganda, Nigeria, and India to receive school fees and pay teacher salaries digitally.
- In India, IBM-led AI and Blockchain projects are helping improve crop yield - use cases including pest and disease prediction, improving yield, and yield prediction on Indiaspecific crops such as potato and sugarcane.
- SmartCrop, leveraging smart contracts and intelligent weather prediction to help farmers hedge against crop volatility. Using weather APIs, SmartCrop provides farmers with the option to initiate crop insurance payouts before natural disasters strike.

What Else is Going On?

The World Bank, UN & Red Cross, Microsoft, Google and Amazon — "Famine Action Mechanism," an algorithm that will use analytics to identify areas that are most likely to experience extreme food shortages.

token.crowdforce.io African-based start-up using Ethereum to incentivise trusted local and trusted community retailers to act as banks and offer financial services, like utility payments, cash in/out accounts, buying and selling cryptocurrency, and making crypto-fiat exchanges on a PayForceMobileApp.

Impact?

Reach the billions of people worldwide with no formal ID or connection to the economy

More than 30% reduction in cost for back office administrative tasks

Facilitate the \$580 billion sent as remittances to developing countries annually

Disrupt the billion dollar counterfeit industries through transparent provenance

drive social change

Reduce leakage and corruption of funds by eliminating middlemen and tracking the money flow



Way forward?

- Build economic case by commissioning an analysis of UKAID financial flows flows and procurement and identify where blockchain and AI could yield efficiencies and savings
- Partner with industry and academia (BBFTA, Fintech Worldwide, UCL, Oxford) to host a Tech4Social Impact event in November inviting technologists and academics to present use cases and their work and invite debate
 - 3. Choose an indicator country open to innovation and test and evaluate impact.